



CCNA 640-875

Building Cisco Service Provider Next-Generation Networks, Part 1

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Question: 1

What is the term that refers to a device that has no Customer Equipment directly connected to it in a Service Provider network?

- A. Provider Edge Router
- B. Customer Edge Router
- C. Non-customer Edge Router
- D. Provider Router
- E. Provider Edge Provider Router

Answer: D

Question: 2

Drag the protocols from the left and drop them on the correct descriptions on the right.

SSH	identified by an EtherType of 0x0800
IPv4	identified by an EtherType of 0x0806
ICMP	identified by an EtherType of 0x86DD
Telnet	identified by IP protocol number 1
UDP	identified by IP protocol number 6
ARP	identified by IP protocol number 17
TCP	identified by TCP port 22
IPv6	identified by TCP port 23

Answer:

IPv4
ARP
IPv6
ICMP
TCP
UDP
SSH
Telnet

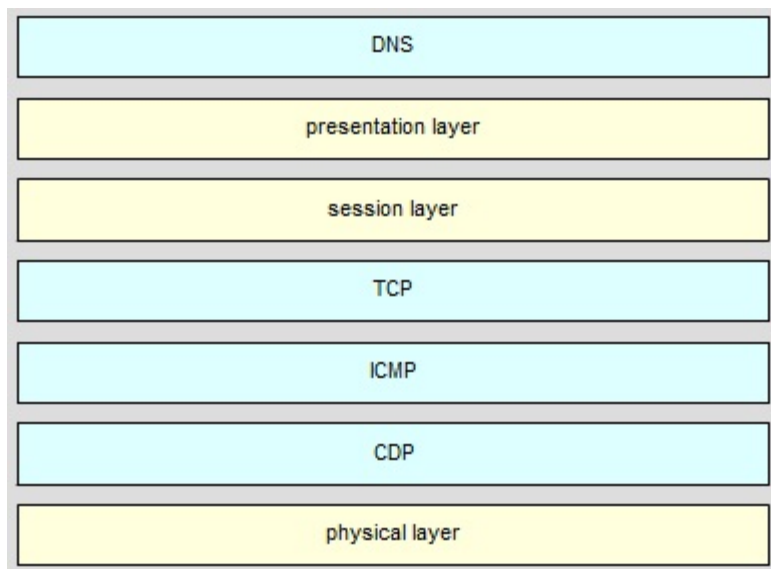
Question: 3

Drag the protocols from the left and drop them on the Internet Protocol Suite layers where the protocol belongs on the right. Not all the layers on the right are used.

ICMP
TCP
CDP
DNS

application layer
presentation layer
session layer
transport layer
internet layer
link layer
physical layer

Answer:



Question: 4

Drag the descriptions from the left to the correct layers of the hierarchical network model design on the right.

where end-user devices connect into the network

provides high-speed connectivity with low latency and offers a limited set of services and is designed to be highly available

provides policy-based network connectivity

most feature-rich layer and provides security services such as port security

Access Layer

Target

Target

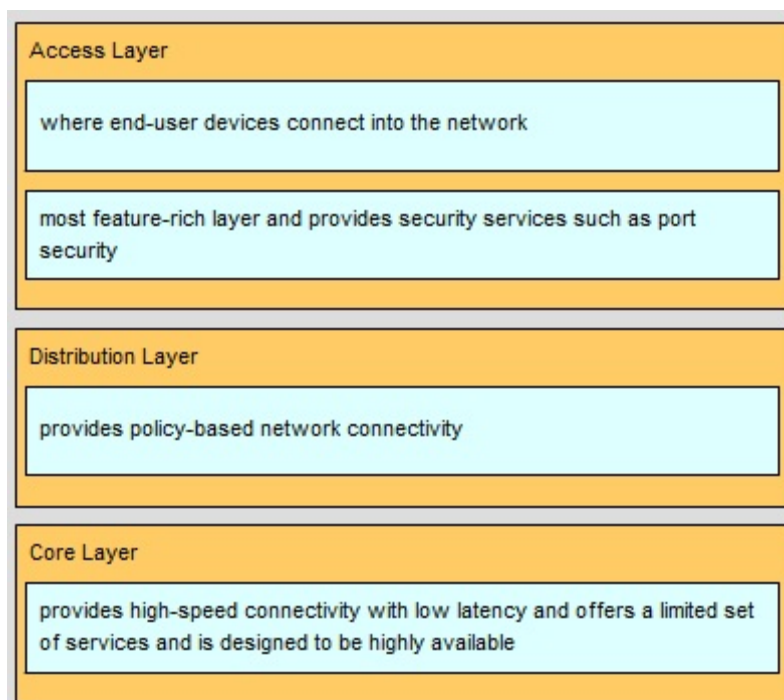
Distribution Layer

Target

Core Layer

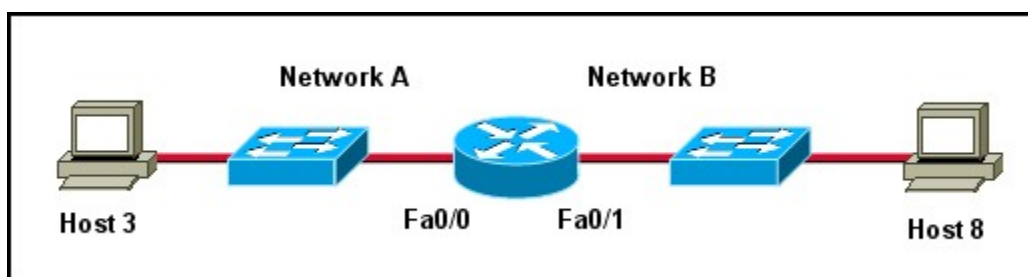
Target

Answer:



Question: 5

Refer to the exhibit.



Host 3 on Network A is sending data to Host 8 on Network B. Which address is the default gateway of Host 3?

- A. The address of the switch interface that is connected to router interface Fa0/0
- B. The address of the switch interface that is connected to router interface Fa0/1
- C. The address of the host that is connected to Network A
- D. The address of the host that is connected to Network B
- E. The address of the router interface Fa0/0
- F. The address of the router interface Fa0/1

Answer: E

Question: 6

The PE and CE interfaces are in the UP/UP state. The junior Network Engineer has validated Layer 3 functionality by pinging the adjacent interface, however the customer is unable to access the

provider network. What should be your next troubleshooting step?

- A. Validate that the encapsulation method is utilizing Point-to-Point Protocol
- B. Validate that the destination customer network is in the correct VRF
- C. Validate that the circuit clocking is inaccurate and needs to be synchronized on both sides
- D. Check the physical connection between both devices to ensure stability
- E. Identify incorrect RADIUS configuration is present on the PE device
- F. Check that an access-list is mis-configured on the loopback 0 interface and needs to be corrected

Answer: B

Question: 7

What are two differences between WAN and LAN? (Choose two.)

- A. The customer has explicit control of their own WAN.
- B. The customer can modify the service provider route distinguishers.
- C. The customer has explicit control of their LAN.
- D. The customer is aware of the infrastructure within the WAN.
- E. WANs will differ from LANs with attributes such as latency and distance.

Answer: C, E

Question: 8

Which of the following correctly pairs the dotted decimal subnet mask with the correct number of binary bits that represent the subnet mask?

- A. 255.255.255.192 and /25
- B. 255.255.255.248 and /28
- C. 255.255.255.224 and /26
- D. 255.255.255.248 and /27
- E. 255.255.255.240 and /28
- F. 255.255.255.240 and /16

Answer: E

Question: 9

What are two benefits of a star network topology? (Choose two.)

- A. Disruption of the entire network is not required when adding new machines.
- B. Any problem which leaves the network inoperable can be traced to the central hub.
- C. This network type requires less cable as compared to linear bus topology.
- D. The performance of one of the numerous nodes cannot reflect on the performance of other nodes.

E. The performance of the entire network is directly dependent on the performance of the hub.

Answer: A, B

Question: 10

Drag the network device functions or features from the left and drop them on the correct network devices on the right.

Functions/Features	Routers	Hubs	Layer 2 LAN Switches
Uses the Spanning Tree protocol to prevent loops.			
All ports on the network device belong only to one collision domain.			
Can be configured to perform Network Address Translations.			
Operates at OSI Layer 1.			
Makes intelligent forwarding decisions based on the MAC address.			
Separates broadcast domains.			

Answer:

Routers
Can be configured to perform Network Address Translations.
Separates broadcast domains.

Hubs
All ports on the network device belong only to one collision domain.
Operates at OSI Layer 1.

Layer 2 LAN Switches
Makes intelligent forwarding decisions based on the MAC address.
Uses the Spanning Tree protocol to prevent loops.

Question: 11

You are having problems browsing to <http://www.cisco.com> from your laptop that is running Windows. Your laptop is connected directly to a default gateway, which is a Cisco ISR G2 router. Which four options are the basic troubleshooting steps that you should use to troubleshoot this issue? (Choose four.)

- A. Issue the ipconfig command from the Windows command line on your laptop to determine your laptop IP address and the default gateway IP address.
- B. Issue the ipconfig /all command from the Windows command line on your laptop to determine the DNS server IP address.
- C. Issue the ping {default gateway IP address} command from the Windows command line on your laptop to verify connectivity to the default gateway.
- D. Issue the ping {DNS server IP address} command from the Windows command line on your laptop to verify connectivity to the DNS server.
- E. Issue the ping tcp www.cisco.com 80 command from the Windows command line on your laptop to verify TCP port 80 connectivity to the www.cisco.com server.
- F. From the ISR G2 CLI, issue the ping tcp www.cisco.com 80 command to verify TCP port 80 connectivity to the www.cisco.com server.
- G. From the ISR G2 CLI, issue the ISR-G2#tracert www.cisco.com command to verify connectivity to the www.cisco.com server.
- H. From the ISR G2 CLI, issue the ISR-G2#nslookup www.cisco.com command to determine the IP address of the www.cisco.com server.

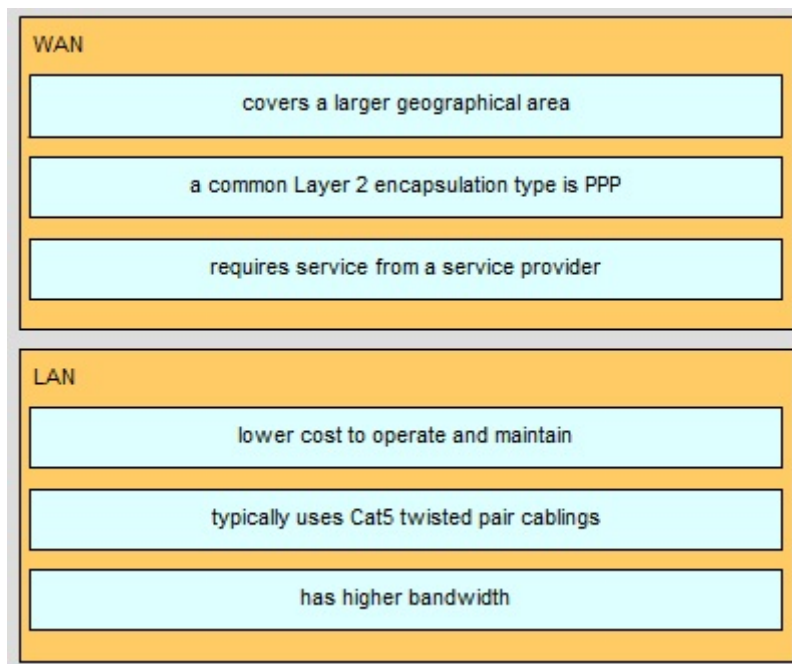
Answer: A, B, C, D

Question: 12

Drag the network characteristics from the left and drop them on the correct network type on the right.

lower cost to operate and maintain	WAN Target Target Target
covers a larger geographical area	
requires service from a service provider	
has higher bandwidth	
a common Layer 2 encapsulation type is PPP	
typically uses Cat5 twisted pair cablings	
	LAN Target Target Target

Answer:



Question: 13

Refer to the exhibit. Drag the routers from the left and drop them on the layer that they belong to on the right. Not all options on the left are used.

R1 to R8 and R19 to R25	access layer
R13 and R14	distribution layer
R1 to R4, R9, R10, R15, R16, R19 to R22	core layer
R5 to R8, R11, R12, R17, R18, R23 to R25	
R9 to R12, R13, R14, R15 to R18	
R9 to R12 and R15 to R18	

Answer:

R1 to R8 and R19 to R25
R9 to R12 and R15 to R18
R13 and R14

Question: 14

Drag the Cisco IOS XR CLI command from the left and drop it on the most appropriate OSI layer(s) on the right that can be used to verify the operations at that OSI layer.

show arp	Layer 1
show ip route	Layer 2
telnet	Layer 3
show controllers	Layers 4-7

Answer:

show controllers
show arp
show ip route
telnet

Question: 15

Which statement about IPv6 global unicast addresses is true?

- A. The first 3 bits is 001.
- B. The first 4 bits is 0011.
- C. The first 4 bits is 1111.
- D. The first 16 bits is FE80 in hex.
- E. The first 16 bits is FF00 in hex.
- F. The first 16 bits is 2002 in hex.
- G. The first 16 bits is 3FFE in hex.

Answer: A

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